GARNISHMENT FOR DEBT COLLECTION		
2013 GENERAL SESSION		
STATE OF UTAH		
Chief Sponsor: Lyle W. Hillyard		
House Sponsor:		
LONG TITLE		
General Description:		
This bill amends provisions related to a writ of garnishment.		
Highlighted Provisions:		
This bill:		
 authorizes a plaintiff to obtain a writ of continuing garnishment in certain 		
circumstances;		
• establishes a time line for payments applicable to a writ of continuing garnishment;		
and		
 makes technical corrections. 		
Money Appropriated in this Bill:		
None		
Other Special Clauses:		
None		
Utah Code Sections Affected:		
AMENDS:		
78A-2-216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 149 and renumbered and		
amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		



S.B. 116 01-23-13 8:08 AM

28	78A-2-216. Duration and fees for writ of garnishment Single or continuing.	
29	(1) Upon obtaining a final judgment against a defendant, a plaintiff may obtain a writ	
30	of continuing garnishment against any periodic payment, unless the payment is exempt as	
31	described in Section 78B-5-505.	
32	(2) A writ of continuing garnishment applies to payments to the defendant from the	
33	effective date of the writ of continuing garnishment until the earlier of the following:	
34	(a) 12 months;	
35	(b) the last periodic payment;	
36	(c) the judgment is stayed, vacated, or satisfied in full; or	
37	(d) the writ is discharged.	
38	[(1)] (3) Any creditor who serves or causes to be served a writ of garnishment upon the	
39	garnishee shall pay to the garnishee:	
40	(a) \$10 for a single garnishment; and	
41	(b) \$25 for a continuing garnishment.	
42	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(4)}\right]$ The creditor shall pay the fee directly to the garnishee.	
43	[(3)] (5) If a plaintiff attempts to garnish the property of a person other than the	
14	defendant by serving a garnishment on a garnishee, that person may recover from the plaintiff	
45	an amount not to exceed \$1,000 if the person demonstrates to the court that the plaintiff failed	
46	to exercise reasonable diligence in determining that the person and defendant were the same	
1 7	individual.	
48	[(4)] (6) The following factors may be taken into consideration by the court in	
19	determining whether the plaintiff exercised reasonable diligence in determining whether the	
50	person garnished and the defendant were the same individual:	
51	(a) similarities between the person and the actual judgment debtor, including:	
52	(i) the spelling of each person's name;	
53	(ii) addresses;	
54	(iii) physical descriptions;	
55	(iv) identifying information, including Social Security number or driver license	
56	number; and	
57	(v) family status;	
58	(b) whether previous contact was made to determine whether the person was the	

59	judgment debtor;
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- (c) how the determination of who the judgment debtor was, was made; and
- (d) what information the plaintiff had access to or was provided with regarding the actual judgment debtor from all available sources.

[(5)] (7) An employer who receives a written request for verification of employment, which includes a copy of the judgment and judgment information statement, shall provide verification within 10 days. The response shall indicate whether [or not] the defendant identified in the documentation is a current employee.

[(6)] (8) A plaintiff is not liable for a violation of Subsection [(3)] (5) regarding a wage garnishment if the plaintiff transmitted a written request for verification of employment, including a copy of the judgment and judgment information statement, to an employer and the employer did not respond.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-16-13 10:59 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel